

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE

ALL Persons are hereby warned that a Fixed Deposit Receipt No. 3088 issued to Lat Hwa Ki by the Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij (Netherlands Trading Society) Hongkong Branch, dated the 27th September, 1920, for \$54,000 Hongkong Currency payable on 2nd November, 1921, with interest at 3 per cent per annum has been LOST by the said Lat Hwa Ki and no other person is entitled to the same or to the said sum of \$54,000 or the interest thereon or to any dividend or consideration in respect thereof. Any person having any knowledge of the whereabouts of the said deposit receipt is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

JOHN S. J. JONES & MASTER,
Frisco's Building,
Hongkong.

Hongkong, September 27th, 1920. [1520]

A. D. C.

PROPOSED AUTUMN PRODUCTIONS.

As there are still a few vacancies, the undersigned would be glad to hear of anyone willing to take part.

Previous experience is not essential.

MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE, Esq.,
Hon. Secy. of the
HONGKONG AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB.
[1521]

STRUTHERS & DIXON, (INC.)

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO & SEATTLE.

THE Steamship

"WEST HIMROD" having arrived from San Francisco via ports on Sept. 26th, 1920. Consignees are hereby notified that cargo is being landed at their risk into the Godown and/or Extra-warehouse of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignee's risk. Consignees of Cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Revenue Officer of Imports & Exports, Hongkong, before Bill of Lading will be countersigned. All broken, chafed and damaged cargo to be left in the Godown where it will be examined at 10 A.M. on October 5th, 1920, by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be recognized after the Goods have left the Godown, and Cargo undelivered on and after October 5th, 1920, will be subject to rent. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

STRUTHERS & DIXON, INC.,
Agents,
1st Floor, 100-101, The Arcade,
12 Des Voeux Road, Central,
Hongkong, September 26th, 1920. [1522]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM YOKOHAMA, K. BE & M. U.

THE S. S. ship

"FOOKSANG" having arrived from the above port, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the Godown and/or extra hazardous Godown of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whomever, and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained. Goods not cleared by the 4th Oct. will be subject to rent and damaged packages are to be left in the Godown where they will be examined. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers, Hongkong, September 25th, 1920. [1523]

AMATEUR GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP OF JAPAN.

THE AMATEUR GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP OF JAPAN

SHIP OF JAPAN will be played on the Links of the Kora Golf Club at Koriyama, Koriyama, on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2nd. Entries must be received by the Honorary Secretary on or before October 6th. All Players with a handicap of ten or under are eligible.

B. D. DAVIES,
Hon. Secretary,
49, Harima Machi,
Kobe, Japan.
[1524]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE THIRTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE COMPANY

will be held at the Office of the General Manager, Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., 1st Floor, 100-101, The Arcade, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6th, at 11 A.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, passing the Accounts, and electing Directors and Auditors. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 20th September to 20th October, 1920, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board,
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, September 15th, 1920. [1525]

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the SHARE REGISTERS and TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to the 31st October, 1920, both days inclusive. Warrants for the Interim Dividend can be obtained from the Office of the Company, No. 2, Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on or after the 11th October. By Order of the Board,
JAS. W. GRAHAM,
Acting Chief Manager,
Hongkong, September 22nd, 1920. [1526]

INTIMATIONS

NOTICE

THE interest and responsibility of the undersigned JOHN WILLIAM TAYLOR in the Firm of Messrs. MOKON & TAYLOR ceases on the 30th September, 1920.

J. W. TAYLOR,
10, Lee House Street,
Hongkong.

NOTICE

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. JOHN WILLIAM TAYLOR in the undersigned Firm ceases on the 30th September, 1920.

MOKON & TAYLOR,
10, Lee House Street,
Hongkong.

NOTICE

INTIMATION IS HEREBY GIVEN that NO DIVIDENDS will be paid on Shares left standing in the name of the undersigned after 30th September, 1920.

Holders of such shares are accordingly requested to have same transferred forthwith.

JOHN W. TAYLOR,
Hongkong, September 22nd, 1920. [1527]

NOTICE

MR. H. R. R. HANCOCK has been Admitted as a Partner in our Firm as from this date.

TEWABT BROS.,
Hongkong, September 27th, 1920. [1528]

NOTICE

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. HERBERT RICHARD BUDD HANCOCK as a Partner in our Firm as from this date ceases on the 27th of September, 1920.

BENJAMIN & POTTS,
11, Queen's Road, Central,
Hongkong,
Hongkong, September 27th, 1920. [1529]

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC are hereby WARNED against negotiating in any manner, having dealings in the undermentioned scripts for SHARES in the undermentioned Companies, the Secretaries of which have been notified against certain irregularities that have arisen in connection therewith. The said Shares are the property of the undersigned and any person or persons having come into possession thereof are requested to communicate with him forthwith. PARTICULARS and NUMBERS of HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY'S SHARES stolen—Script No. Numbers. Holder's Name. 7017 50 28301/28350 C. P. Chatter 7580 50 37084/37133 M. S. Bassoon 8388 100 42869/42968 Li Chok Yuen 6910 25 12517/12518 12558/59 S. Penwick 6911 25 68089/117 H. H. Fenwick 6914 25 67747/756 S. Penwick 6411 5 71841/845 e. Mitchell 6905 15 44670/684 Mrs. E. C. Chapman was 7789 4 6773/68742 P. H. Hodge & A. Harris 7755 9 64798/774 H. H. Fenwick H.K. & WHAMPOA CO. 100 SHARES: Script No. 7425 Lo Koon Hang 9008/27, 3801/25 3.183/7, 3297/81, 2893/97019, 49713/717.

(Signed) FRED ELLIS & Co.,
Hongkong, September 25th, 1920. [1530]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

MR. A. D. DA ROCHA, AUCTIONEER, SURVEYOR AND GENERAL BROKER, will REMOVE to 2A, D'ARNAUD STREET, (between the Customs Theatre) on OCTOBER 1st, 1920.

Mr. DA ROCHA desires to avail himself of this opportunity to thank his numerous supporters, and to request the continuation of their patronage.

[1531]

HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE.

WE beg to notify our patrons that we are inaugurating the above as from 1st OCTOBER, 1920. We aspire to render first-class Service at reasonable rates.

HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.,
J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.
[1532]

THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

THE Directors of the above Company have declared an INTERIM DIVIDEND of 3 per cent (equal to 3/4 per Share) in respect of the current year on the Preferred Ordinary Shares. Dividends for Shareholders on the Colonial Register are free of Income Tax and will be paid at the rate of 4/4 per dollar. Dividends for Shareholders will be obtainable on and after THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1st, 1920, at the Company's Office. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30th, to WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27th, both days inclusive. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers, Hongkong, September 19th, 1920. [1533]

R. A. O. B.

HARRY BRITTELL LOOGE, No. 2680, A WHIST DRIVE and DANCE will be held in connection with the Lodge on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30th, 1920, in the R.A. THEATRE, Victoria Buildings, commencing at 7.30 P.M. sharp. Entrance Fee 50 Cents. Refreshments Provided. Band in Attendance.

F. CLAPHAM,
Hon. Secretary,
[1534]

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS

ADVERTISEMENTS of the "Wanted" variety will be inserted under the above special heading at a charge of \$1.00 FOR THREE INSERTIONS. If they do not exceed 25 words in number and are prepaid. An additional charge of 50 cents will be made if the instructions for insertion are not accompanied by cash. Advertisers requiring their advertisements under this head must give instructions accordingly, otherwise the advertisements will be regarded as intended to be displayed and charged at the usual rates.

Letters are lying at this Office for: M. B. B. F. C. AD. AP. AW.

INTERESTED—Your letter received with out address. Write again. Will settle. H.S.K. [65]

POSITION WANTED—By a youth as SALESMAN in any English Store. Experience for the last 5 years in Provisions, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Cigarettes and Tobacco. Reply Box 42, Daily Press Office. [64]

WANTED—Englishman, Highest Credentials, Seek Position with Commercial House. Preferably Hongkong, Sound Australian, English (commercial) Wholesale and Retail Experience. Reply Box 8A, Daily Press Office. [66]

WANTED—Married couple, English, desire FURNISHED HOUSE or FLAT during whole or part of 1921. Best, middle level. Please reply to Box 8B, Daily Press Office. [67]

WANTED.

WANTED position by an experienced Export man who is also well acquainted with Foreign and General Import. Able to correspond in the most important commercial languages: perfect knowledge of Chinese. Can bring good Foreign connections. No objection to outposts. Apply—Box 1855, Care of "Daily Press" Office. [1535]

FOR SALE

LAND at Kowloon, about 16,945 square feet, in a very desirable position for European dwellings. For full particulars apply to—LINSTOCK & DAVIS, Alexander Holdings, Hongkong. [1536]

FOR SALE

UP-TO-DATE newly built, Five-Roomed BUNGALOW at Pokfulam H. & C. Water, English Range, Tiled Floors, Electric Light, Tennis Court, Flush Lavatories, etc. Apply—G. H. WILSON, 40, MEARNS, HONGKONG, WILSON & Co., Beach Road. [1537]

FOR SALE

TWO LANCASHIRE BOILERS, length 33 feet, diameter 3 feet, diameter of furnace (two) 3 feet. Working pressure 100 lbs. per sq. inch. Constructed by Messrs. LINDSAY, BROWN & Co., Glasgow, Glasgow, 1912. Good order and condition. Complete set of fittings with each boiler. Apply—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Hongkong. [1538]

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE (A FRENCH BANK)

CAPITAL PAID-UP AND SURPLUS

Fca. 105,000,000.00

The organization of the Bank enables it to open CURRENT ACCOUNTS and to accept FIXED DEPOSITS in local currency and ANY FOREIGN CURRENCY. These accounts and deposits may be converted AT ANY TIME without ANY CHARGE in ANY OTHER CURRENCY. Apply for terms and particulars—HONGKONG BRANCH, Queen's Building, 5, Chater Rd. [1539]

PALACE HOTEL, KOWLOON

Two Minutes from Ferry and Railway Station. This Hotel, which has just been completely renovated and refurnished, is now open for business. It is a modern and comfortable hotel, with every requisite for the comfort and convenience of its guests. English Management. Orders under personal supervision of the Proprietor. KILL AND BILLIARD ROOMS. TERMS MODERATE. Special Arrangements for Families. J. H. O'BERRY, Proprietor. [1540]

INTIMATION

It is generally admitted that most Whiskies have now a "Post-War Weakness."

It is claimed that

WATSON'S
E
WHISKY

still maintains its high standard of quality. The same blend, same good old age—mellowness, character and fine flavour—Forty years reputation.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.
ESTABLISHED 1841.

BIRTH
THOMPSON—On September 27th, at the French Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. FRED G. THOMPSON, a daughter. [1541]

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VOEUX RD.,
KOWLOON OFFICE: 131, FLYING STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press

HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 27th, 1920.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN CHINA.

It is not yet plainly apparent that much has been achieved in the way of unity, peace and concord in China by the overthrow of the Anfu military party a few months ago and the subsequent reconstruction of the Cabinet. Great things were expected to follow immediately. Firstly we were to have peace between North and South, as an essential preliminary to a great effort to reorganise the nation on lines conducive to progress and development and, above all, financial stability. How the South at present stands towards the North is rather difficult to make out. No fighting has taken place as between North and South for upwards of two years, and all this while discussions have been going on nominally between representatives of the two sides with a view to finding a basis of agreement in regard to the political issues which divide them. It is not surprising that nothing has come of these negotiations so far, for there is obviously no unity in the Southern party. The South is a house divided against itself. Many of the leaders who initiated the separatist movement quitted Canton for Shanghai long ago and are obviously entirely out of sympathy with the men who have since formed the "Military Government" of Canton. Yunnan has its own "Government," and in the province of Kwangtung we have the melancholy spectacle of civil war in progress on a reduced scale. Cantonese troops are fighting Kwangsi troops for supremacy in the province and anarchy and ruin prevail over large districts of the province as a result. There is no security for either life or property. What hope there can be in these circumstances for a national settlement by negotiation is so small as to be negligible. Dr. Sun Yat-sen and his friends, Mr. Tiao Yung

and Tiao Shao Yi are backing the enterprise of Chen Kwang-Ming who has just succeeded in ousting the Kwangsi party from Canton. Dr. Sun also is associated with Sun Hsun-yi, who was Minister of the Interior in the Tuan Cabinet, in denouncing in the vernacular press of the North the President of the Republic for what they allege to be his monarchical leanings, and for "double-dealing" as between the so-called Chihli and Anhui factions in the recent civil war around Peking. The two Suns call upon the Chinese people to remove Mr. Hsu and appoint as Chief Executive "a man who will exercise his constitutional powers and functions without leaning on any particular military clique." It is a noteworthy coincidence that it should be reported at the same time that "the remnants of the Anfu Club" who we are told are still to be reckoned with as important factors in the situation in the Yangtze Valley and Coastal provinces, are believed to be plotting the downfall of the President in the hope that the leaders of the party now in hiding may be pardoned by a new President, according to precedents already created in China. From Peking it has been reported recently that Marshal Tuan's bodyguards at his private residence have been changed by order of the Government. There has been a persistent rumour that the military governors whose sympathies were with the Anfu Club have been in communication with the Kuomintang leaders, notably those of Yunnan and Kwangtung, for the purpose of organising opposition to the Chihli-Kwangsi combination and that this explains the close watch which the Government is maintaining over Marshal Tuan. The old Anfu leader, however, is described as downhearted and pessimistic about the political situation and absolutely refuses to discuss politics, even with the President, whose invitation to the Palace he recently declined. He has announced his intention to retire to some secluded village far from the madding crowd of political schemers. But we know from many examples in quite recent history in China how ample news of political machinations reach the most secluded parts of the country and how hermits have a habit of returning to the political stage when there is a clear call. It is evident that the Government is closely watching every movement pointing to a hostile development, and it is to be hoped that if occasion arises the proof will be forthcoming that China at last possesses a Government at Peking worthy of the confidence which has been expressed in it. But it must be confessed that the outlook is yet dark and uncertain.

The Amateur Dramatic Club are advertising for helpers in a proposed autumn production.

One case (one death) of enteric fever was reported in the Colony during Sunday and Monday.

Mr. F. S. Cunningham, U. S. Consul-General at Shanghai, has gone home on six months' holiday.

A fixed deposit receipt for \$24,000 has been lost. An advertisement in regard to it appears in another column.

The Canton Military Government has decided to contribute \$16,000 for famine relief in the northern provinces.

The Chinese who was charged with throwing corrosive acid on a woman and her son has been committed for trial.

The Police have arrested two men who are alleged to have been concerned in the murder of a hawk, following a quarrel.

The Rt. Rev. Geoffrey Durnford Iliff, D.D., who went to England for the Lambeth Conference tendered to the Archbishop his resignation of the Bishopric of Shanghai. Dr. Iliff has been offered the vicarage of Adelaide.

Mr. Leo Allen Bergholtz, the American Consul-General at Canton, is leaving for home on furlough on September 29th, and Mr. Walter A. Adams, the Vice American Consul, will be in charge of the American Consulate during his absence.

A Chinese school boy, 18 years old, living at No. 7, Glenalee Road, was removed to the Government Civil Hospital on Monday suffering from injuries to his head caused by running into a stone wall while riding a bicycle in Cause Road.

H.M.S. *Algerie* (Commander R. B. McCown, D.S.O.), flying the flag of Vice-Admiral Sir Alexander Duff, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief, China Station, and H.M.S. *Hood*, were at Shanghai last week. Both ships were going up to Hongkong.

Dr. Paul S. Reingach has resigned his position as legal adviser to the Chinese Government, giving as the reason for his resignation the necessity of returning to the United States to conduct his campaign for a place in the United States Senate from Wisconsin.

The King has conferred the Albert Medal upon Mr. David Fraser, chief engineer, and Mr. Aaron Edward Higgins, third engineer of the str. *Malville Dollar*, for bravery when on August 27th last year at Hongkong the main steam pipe burst, killing the second engineer and five Chinese seamen.

A Chinese, 35 years old, was admitted to the Government Civil Hospital, on Monday, suffering from extensive injuries, caused through being knocked down by motor car No. 187 while driving a truck in New Leichok Road, near the Tak-shingling Village. His condition is considered serious.

Imprisonment for two months and a fine of ¥50 was the judgment rendered against Mr. Zembai Nomura in the Tokio Court of Appeals for having written an article entitled "From Authority to Freedom" in the March number of the *Chugai Shinbun*. The opinion of the Court was that the article tended to violate the Constitution. The execution of the sentence was postponed for two years.

Two packages of newspapers from Ansoy were found, on inspection at Manila Post Office, to contain Pesos 1,000 worth of morphine. An agent tried to get someone to accept the package at the address given, but they told him to "leave it and they would endeavour to locate the owner." This, of course, was not done. No arrests were made. It is the third case of its kind in a month.

It is understood that the Chinese Commissioner for Foreign Affairs at Hankow has been instructed to make arrangements with a view to taking over the Russian Concession. Such a step coupled with the possibility of the abolition of Russian extra-territoriality is regarded with grave concern by foreigners residing in the British, French and Russian Concessions, says Reuter's Hankow correspondent.

Yeh King-shen, the Minister of Communications, has resolved to carry out his old scheme of constructing a central station at Peking for the Peking-Mukden, Peking-Hankow and Peking-Suiyuan Railways, and has instructed the Vice-Minister and the Chief of the Railway Department to furnish plans and carry out surveys as soon as possible. The Minister has also instructed his subordinates to provide plans and estimates for a new bridge over the Yellow River for the Peking-Hankow line.

As a result of a shooting affray at Whitefield Barracks, Kowloon, on Monday morning two Indian soldiers were wounded. It appears that a havildar, who was on guard duty, rushed out of the guard room with his rifle and took aim with the intention, it is alleged, of shooting the subedar. Another sepoy promptly mustered ten other of his comrades and attempted to disarm the guard. The guard opened fire and a bullet struck the sepoy in the foot, but one of the latter's companions fired at the guard, shattering his arm. The injured men were removed to the military hospital.

The preliminary investigation with regard to the census in Japan has commenced. Nearly five hundred members of the Census Committee have begun operations in Osaka. The city of Osaka alone has spent a quarter of a million yen on the preparations for the census, which will be carried out on October 1st. Working posters have been placed on all available spaces in the city, including the interior of street cars, asking the citizens to assist in this, the first national census. Frequent meetings are being held throughout the country, at which census officials explain the importance of the undertaking. The leading newspapers are also giving their active support to the movement.

With regard to Mr. Geo. L. Shaw, of Antung, who is in prison at Seoul for an offence which has not yet been publicly stated, the *Japan Chronicle* learns that he is now allowed to receive and read books which are sent to him by the foreign residents at Seoul, and also, it is believed, by members of the staff of the Consulate-General; furthermore, his meals are sent to him at suitable hours from the Consulate Hotel, and he has been provided with his own bed and bedding in his room at the jail. It is very satisfactory to learn that Shaw has now been taken to make Mr. Shaw's lot as tolerable as possible. No information has yet been received concerning the date when the preliminary court will announce its decision or a public trial take place.

CABLES

LATEST CABLES.
(THROUGH BRITISH AGENCY.)

NEW FRENCH PRESIDENT.

POPULAR SUPPORT FOR M. MILLERAND.

PARIS, September 24th.

A Havas message says:—
All papers, a few Socialist journals excepted, are unanimous in expressing the deepest satisfaction at the outcome of the Presidential election which, they say, conclusively shows that France is repudiating party strife and is adopting a policy of order and work and social progress.

Le Gaulois perceives the dawn of a new Republican era.

Le Journal writes: The imposing majority given to M. Millerand testifies with the power to carry on the task undertaken as Premier. France, now, has a head whose persuasive and firm authority will ensure governmental action harmonious in its continuity.

From France's remotest districts, reports are piling up in the Havas office testifying to the unanimous satisfaction over M. Millerand's election.

Important and leading provincial papers join in with the Parisian Press in viewing the election as the happiest event of the time and in regarding M. Millerand as best qualified to uphold France's prestige and to insure her prompt economic rehabilitation, eulogizing the clear-mindedness and will power of the new President, who, as Premier, secured for France the benefit arriving from the Peace Treaty and stopped the crushing anarchy which, ensuring for France the present unparalleled tranquillity amidst disturbed Europe.

Public opinion in Paris and the provinces is unanimous in regarding that the election was prompted solely by patriotism and the spirit of national union, as a fit answer to popular aspiration and bidding.

Papers in Alsace-Lorraine and in the devastated regions are most sanguine in greeting the elevation to the highest office in the country of a man who in a few months as High Commissioner succeeded in re-vivifying, re-organizing and putting in tune again with the Mother Country provinces curbed for fifty years under the Prussian yoke.

A leading paper in North France pertinently sums up the unanimous impression, stating that M. Millerand was actually pushed into the Elysee palace by the nation's consensus of opinion, as the nation felt that a strong-willed man was needed there.

ELECTED ON HIS OWN TERMS.

LONDON, September 26th.

A striking departure in connection with M. Millerand's election, which passed almost unheeded here, is the fact that he was elected upon his own terms and not as a figurehead. He intends in future, by reviving a number of powers which the Constitution gives a President, but which for a long time remained practically a dead letter, to be the actual Chief Director of the State and its policy. As an example M. Millerand holds that Article VIII of the Constitution affords the president power to negotiate and ratify a treaty. Hence it is thought that he is likely to take an active part in the direction of France's foreign policy. It is also declared that he is likely to overshadow the Premier as much as the American President dominates the Cabinet. The new President is a Socialist by origin, yet has arrived at a position of almost monarchical authority and prestige as such are known in countries where the Crown actively participates in the direction of affairs. Anyway it is confidently anticipated that the changes will help to solidify Anglo-French relations.

NEW PREMIER'S DECLARATION.

PARIS, September 25th.

A Havas message says:—
The remarkable ease and rapidity with which such an elaborate operation as reshaping the Cabinet was carried out in a few hours are all extensively commented upon by most papers, who unanimously approve the choice of Bernard Magy as Premier.

In the afternoon, a Presidential message was read in the Senate and in the Chamber of Deputies. The message acknowledges that the clearly-expressed desire of the National Congress is for the Government to continue the same policy as before, adding that the present most urgent task is to exact strict execution of the peace treaties, the Versailles Treaty, especially being the new charter of Europe and the world. Every plan of social reform is entitled to examination but none, in any case, will be imposed upon the people by violence.

The new Premier then read a declaration, stating that he will continue his predecessor's policy and see to all the treaties being carried out.

The Chamber adopted by 507 votes against 80 a motion expressing confidence in the Government.

SOCIALIST COMMENT.

PARIS, September 26th.

The Chamber, except the Socialists, heartily applauded M. Leygues' ministerial declaration.

An uproar was caused by the Socialist M. Braeck, suggesting that M. Millerand had chosen the ministers—a statement which M. Leygues hotly repudiated.

The Socialist M. Berthoin inquired whether the Government intended to co-operate with Labour and complained that many Trades Unionists had been imprisoned for weeks and months without trial in order to break the strike for the nationalization of transport.

M. Leygues declared that France would never forget Russia's immense services at the beginning of the war. France had not intended interference with Russia but material aid for the reconstruction of Poland was in accordance with French tradition. He asserted that the Chamber approved by a large majority the previous Government's labour policy and appealed for union on the home front.

The session closed with a vote of confidence.

U.S. TRADE OUTLOOK.

WASHINGTON, September 26th.

The Statistics Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States predicts good business for the remainder of the year, despite some disturbing factors in the outlook. It says that buying in August was on a liberal scale, but on a sober basis of needs, as contrasted with speculative purchasing in July.

U.S. BANK CLOSED.

BY ORDER OF AUTHORITIES.

BOSTON, September 26th.

By the order of the authorities, the Commercial Trust Company, which has deposits of five million dollars and branches abroad, has been closed. This is the fifth banking concern closed in Boston since the arrest of the Italian financier, Ponzi, on a charge of larceny.

Ponzi claimed that he could by manipulation of international postal coupons return to clients 90 per cent. on their money in ninety days. His liabilities are reported to be \$7,000,000.

THE POLISH SITUATION.

LONDON, September 26th.

Meanwhile, the Lithuanian-Polish tangle is intensifying. The Poles have notified the League of Nations denouncing the Lithuanian armistice, on account of Bolsheviks massing troops on Lithuanian territory against the Poles, and the Poles have begun a new offensive against the Lithuanians and occupied Kovno. Simultaneously, the Lithuanians have appealed to the League of Nations requesting immediate intervention to stop the new Polish aggression.

OBITUARY.

NEW YORK, September 26th.

The death is announced of Mr. Jacob H. Schiff, the well-known banker.

Little Albert's eldest sister had been married some time and her fourth infant had been joyously welcomed.

When Albert was informed of the event, one of his aunts told him in an expressive manner that he was now an uncle for the fourth time.

Neither decidedly, the little fellow answered.

Goodness me, Mr. Magy, keep on or I'll soon be a grandpa!

EARLIER CABLES.

BOLSHEVIK PROPAGANDA.
WITH PROCEEDS OF CONFISCATED
RUSSIAN JEWELS.

LONDON, September 26th.

The Observer discloses revelations that the Daily Herald Russian jewel transactions are an infinitesimal part of an enormous, Russian plan to raise funds for world-wide propaganda by a systematic confiscation throughout Russia of all jewels. M. Kamenef originated the scheme in April, 1918, which was elaborated by a Polish diamond merchant, involving a house-to-house search and confiscation of jewels. These were carefully graded and selected parcels were sent all over the world for disposal in a prearranged and careful manner. Germany and America already had a large share while a number of parcels have already been sold in Japan, France, England and Holland. The discovery of the Herald's transaction was due to the stupidity of the agents, insisting on payment in English currency. Moreover, several recent visitors to Russia from England have already returned with Bolshevik propaganda and jewels. The Soviet officials on the frontier call these folk "brilliant children." The Soviet Jewel Department is very active in the East. Kemal Pasha already has a number of beautiful stones.

The population of the city began to realize the danger of the situation on Monday when they learnt that General Li Fook Lung had suspended the service on the Canton-Samshui railway in order to stop the arrival of further Kwangtung troops. By noon nearly all the important shops had closed.

At 215 General Li Fook Lung, Defence Commissioner of Kwangchow and Waichow, with troops headquarters at Honan, Canton South, declared independence from the administration under Mr. Yung-hsien by displaying white flags and issuing a proclamation of his sympathy with the policy of Chen Chung-ming and advising Mr. Yung-hsien to comply with popular opinion by surrendering his power to the Cantonese.

Shelkington was fortified by General Li Fook Lung's men, and river gunboats manifested sympathy with the movement.

Mr. Yung-hsien, the Military Governor of Kwangtung, has been advised from several quarters, including, it is said, some of the foreign Consuls, to resign and hand over the military administration to the Cantonese.

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REFUGEES FROM CANTON.

OVER 3,000 ARRIVE.

The Canton steamer wharf was besieged by a large crowd of relatives and friends, yesterday afternoon, awaiting to welcome refugees from Canton. By the time the Hsing-shan was moored the crowd assumed enormous proportions and traffic was more or less held up. It is stated that over 3,000 refugees landed in Hongkong at the wharf, and their arrival was a relief to the authorities in the surrounding districts of Canton and the unsettled state of the city itself, consequent on various rumours, one of which was to the effect that a number of aeroplanes belonging to the opposing faction were flying over Canton and dropping bombs.

DISTURBANCE ON CANTON WHARF.

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The Magistrate enquired what was the objection to the strangers landing in the Colony, and the Inspector explained that it was all on account of the fighting between the Kwangtung and the Kwongtung troops in China. The police had had a lot of trouble in dealing with the disturbances which had been frequent occurrences for the past two months.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$20 on the defendant's hard labour.

A PROCLAMATION DROPPED FROM AN AEROPLANE.

CANTON THREATENED WITH AERIAL BOMBARDMENT.

An aeroplane, supposed to have been sent by the Pacification Commissioner of Kwangchow, dropped many circulars into Canton on Monday afternoon, September 27th. A rough translation of the circular by the (London Times) reads as follows:—

As a special warning to all whom it may concern, I, the Pacification Commissioner of Kwangchow, Districts, being commissioned by Administrative Directors Sun, Wu, and Tang, and Commander-in-Chief Chen Chung-ming, of the Cantonese Army, will this day, by land, sea and air, attack the Kwangtung clique and restore Canton to the Cantonese, ousting the traitors, Tan, Chun-huan, Lu Yang-tung, and Mr. Yang-hsien. All Cantonese and friendly troops should co-operate in the removal of all those harmful to the people.

Now Aeroplanes No. 1 is sent to Canton to advise the people to rise up within two days, to arrest the persons mentioned, and to welcome the return of the Cantonese Army, so that proper action may be taken against the guilty parties. All Kwangtung military officers, if they will not turn against the traitors, will be well treated by me, the Commissioner.

Unless the foregoing advice is carried out, I, the Commissioner, shall order a large aviation corps to attack Canton and drop bombs into the city and cause great harm to the people. Kindly take this warning to avoid possible sufferings.

It is evident in a state of confusion and crowds of people are leaving the city. As usual in such disturbances, great quantities of valuables have been moved by Chinese into the Shamshui for safe custody by foreigners.

The population of the city began to realize the danger of the situation on Monday when they learnt that General Li Fook Lung had suspended the service on the Canton-Samshui railway in order to stop the arrival of further Kwangtung troops. By noon nearly all the important shops had closed.

At 215 General Li Fook Lung, Defence Commissioner of Kwangchow and Waichow, with troops headquarters at Honan, Canton South, declared independence from the administration under Mr. Yung-hsien by displaying white flags and issuing a proclamation of his sympathy with the policy of Chen Chung-ming and advising Mr. Yung-hsien to comply with popular opinion by surrendering his power to the Cantonese.

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U.S. DEFLATION PROBLEM.

STRICTS REINFORCES.
EFFECT OF RAILROAD CONGESTION.

The Times New York correspondent writes:—

It is beginning to be clear that without an almost catastrophic change in financial conditions there will be no deflation in the United States in 1920; deflation, that is, in the popular sense of reduction in the volume of outstanding credit. The best that the Federal Reserve Board can hope for, apparently, is that whatever increase over the present volume of credit occurs will be borrowing for "essential" purposes. What is, or is not, "essential" the Board has felt bound to leave for decision by the several Federal Reserve Banks. It has recognized, explicitly, that to have a definition of "essential" application can be drawn, so that inevitably in some reserve districts there will be borrowing permitted which in others would be taboo.

Perhaps there would have been deflation in 1919 if there had been an unusual contraction of traffic on the railroads. As it is, the railroad congestion has "frozen" vast amounts of credit; it has delayed or postponed indefinitely the liquidation of goods and commodities. Allowing that there has been a change in the trend of American business, that the peak of after-war activity and of high prices has been passed, it would nevertheless seem to be a fact that the deflation of the business balloon must be very gradual indeed. The machinery of distribution is very badly out of gear. Demand and supply over the country as a whole are not interacting and mutually regulating. There is an abnormal amount of lot-motion in a great many lines of American business; between buyers and sellers a continual loss of contact. Orderly processes in merchandising have been forgotten, or thrown into confusion by speculation and by the uncertainty over the outcome of future bargains.

RESERVE BOARD'S PLANS.

Just as the country was beginning to comprehend the purpose of the Reserve Board's programme of deflation and to make reluctant admission of its desirability, the railroad congestion came along to defeat the plan, or at least to postpone its operation. It had been calculated by the Board that there could be brought about a very marked reduction in credit and currency if only there could be forced the liquidation of goods and commodities held for purely speculative purposes. Well, a good deal has been accomplished in that direction. There have been unprecipitated large sales, at large reductions in prices, of bonds and shoes and leather of woolen goods and clothing, of silk and of men's furnishings. But the volume of credit and currency remains almost what it was. The railroad congestion has arrested the flow of goods and commodities in general. Unable to get their products to market, farmers and manufacturers had to postpone payment of their bank loans. The "freezing" of credit, which had occurred intermittently throughout the winter as the result of strikes at railroad clearing points and at seaboard terminals, began again.

CROP-MOVING REQUIREMENTS.

Now, at the beginning of the crop-moving season, with a promise of bumper crops, the banks and the reserve banks behind them, are threatened with an overtaxing of their powers. It is true that in recent weeks the reserve banks have slightly improved their position, mainly through gains in gold. On July 23rd the reserve ratio was 44.4 per cent., as against 43.3 per cent. at the beginning of the month. But reductions for the whole country had been reduced only \$110,000,000 in the period, and reserve notes in circulation only \$67,000,000 from a high record of \$3,180,000,000. A year ago at this time there were \$2,804,000,000 reserve notes outstanding, and between August 1st and the first week in November the crop-moving season—they increased \$300,000,000. Two years ago, for the corresponding period, there was an increase in the circulating notes of \$850,000,000. This year there can be no increase equal even to the 1918 expansion without touching the top limit of possible circulation, taking into consideration reserve requirements; and an increase like that of 1918 will be out of the question unless the Reserve Board decides to suspend or reduce the reserve requirements.

In the July Bulletin of the Federal Reserve Board it was said: "Credit contraction is sometimes alleged as a prime cause of the reduced volume of business. But the total amount of credit available cannot be said to have been restricted. There is rather an abundant demand for loans due to freight congestion and inability to make shipments. It is the generally accepted opinion that if the transportation problem can be solved, present hindrance to productive activity will largely disappear." But will the transportation problem be solved? And if so, in time to meet the peak of the crop-moving load? Those are questions the Reserve Board does not answer, though it implies affirmative replies to both. The country at large is not so sanguine, probably because it has heard continually reiterated the statement that it must be months, if not more than a year, before the railroads can hope to get delivery of sufficient equipment to handle the traffic offered to them.

BANKERS' VIEWS.

There are widely divergent ideas among the country's leading bankers, too, as to what continued deflation will mean. Mr. James S. Allen, Jr., president of the National Bank of Commerce in New York, said recently: "The crop-moving season, during which the country's credit requirements reach their maximum intensity, is now under way. It is the many difficulties of transportation, it may be expected, that the volume of credit needed this year. In finance, crop marketing will be larger than usual. While the traffic movement has improved slightly, sufficient relief can hardly be expected to the extent necessary to permit of the clearing away of existing congestion and the resumption of a normal movement of agricultural products to the fall. The crop-to-be-as-usual season may have to be held this year. Bankers

experience has demonstrated fully the effect of any interference with orderly commodity shipments in tying up an enormous volume of credit. While credit will be available to meet the country's essential requirements, there continues to be no prospect of its being available except for such use.

A Chicago banker, on the other hand, argues that railroad congestion is exactly what is going to keep the economy from an undue credit strait in the fall, because, he says, there will be no crop-moving demands from "crops that cannot be moved." The argument is absurd enough and is repeated only to show what confusion of counsel exists.

POSITION ON THE RAILROADS.

Railroad congestion seems bound to continue. It has come not only from a lack of cars and locomotives, but from the low momentum of working forces and from interference with strikes and sabotage. The congestion is far worse than was obvious when the railroads were handed back to their owners in March that there were some difficult months and perhaps years ahead. This was because the Government had not carried out



Keep your breath sweet, your liver free from bile and your head clear with

SAL HEPATICA

A teaspoonful in a glass of water morning will keep you healthy.

For Sale At All Chemists.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

Pure full-cream milk enriched with choice malted barley and wheat in powder form. Keeps indefinitely.

THE FOOD DRINK FOR ALL AGES.

A refreshing and sustaining beverage, ready in an instant by the addition of hot or cold water only. No cooking. Nourishing and convenient.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK COMPANY, SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

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THERAPION No. 2

THERAPION No. 3

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THERAPION No. 2

THERAPION No. 3

SCOTTISH SPORT

CRICKET SEASON CLOSING.

START OF ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

August 18th.

Having failed to secure the title of

Champion County, Chalkman'shire has

secured the second honour by defeating

Aberdeenshire with the narrow margin of 7

runs in a game in which the bowlers always

held the upper hand.

Only one game—Stirling County v.

Aberdeenshire—remains to be played, and

as it depends the wooden spoon of the com-

petition.

With each succeeding week the struggle

for the Western Union Championship be-

comes keener. All the three leaders have

won their game, and the result is open for

Ayr, Clydesdale, and Uddingston. Ayr,

with only one game to play, are in a strong

position, and are the most likely side to

come in on top.

COUNTIES CHAMPIONSHIP.

Blackman'shire County, 102; Aberdeens-

shire, 96.

Stirling County, 148; Fife, 87.

WESTERN UNION CHAMPIONSHIP.

Clydesdale, 110; Pollok, 81.

Uddingston, 129 for 8; West, 110.

Verglas, 148 for 2; Kilmarnock, 104.

Ayr, 113 for 8; Greenock, 109.

CLUB MATCHES.

Orange, 151; Leith Franklin, 53.

Drumcollier, 202 for 8; Glasgow Univer-

sity, 22.

Glasgow Academical, 124; Heriot's, 114.

Stewartonians, 209 for 8; Brunswick, 51.

Forfarshire, 103; Arbroath, 89.

Perthshire, 115; Kirkcaldy, 51.

ATHLETICS.

The athletic season of 1930 will be re-

membered more by the extraordinary

number of competitors than by the high

quality of the performances. The rank and

file have shown no outstanding ability and

little promise for the future, but by con-

trast there has been some brilliant dis-

tance running by James Wilson, who in

the 10-mile championship created a series

of records; while D. Phil's record in the

1,000 yards at the Rangers' sports was also

a notable event. One would like to see

more of Ivan Fair, the new champion at

100 yards, but he does not seem to take

athletics very seriously.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

Although the Association football season

will not be in full swing until the end of

the week, several of the clubs have opened

their League Campaign. The officials are

wise to make an early start. With so club

points competition, Cup ties, and Inter-

nationals, there is sure to be congestion

before the month of April comes round.

The following are the results, none of

them of a sensational character:-

Clyde, 5; Clydebank, 0.

Albion Hovers, 0; Raith Rovers, 1.

Motherwell, 4; Hibernian, 2.

INTIMATIONS

THEATRE ROYAL.

MAURICE E. BANDMAN

presents the

BANDMAN

COMEDY

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In a repertoire of latest London plays.

Last Four Performances

TO-NIGHT

(WEDNESDAY) 29th

"THE NAUGHTY WIFE."

THURSDAY, 30th

"GOOD-NIGHT NURSE."

FRIDAY, 1st

"CARBON-WIFE."

SATURDAY, 2nd

"THE ROTTERS."

Prices 84, 82, & 81.

Navy and Military half-price to 52 & 51 seats.

Booking at MOUTRIER'S.

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Accurate

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\$7.20 30/-

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Buy Direct from England.

Jewelled at 15 Points

This watch is particularly made

to give accurate time in any

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It is constructed to run true in

spite of extreme heat and ex-

trême cold.

This Watch is severely tested.

It has to prove its accuracy

in a heated oven and in an ice

chamber—before it is offered

to you.

The watch case is sand and

rust proof.

In appearance it is rich-

nessed on beautiful lines.

Guaranteed for 10 Years

Guaranteed fully for 10 years

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ORDER IT NOW!

This 15 Jewelled Lever Watch, Open

Face as illustrated in beautifully polished

SOLID NICKEL Case.

No. 918.....Price (30/1) \$7.20

In FULL HUNTER Case, of beau-

tifully polished SOLID NICKEL

Case, No. 919.....Price (33/4) \$8.00

In SOLID SILVER Case (British

Government Stamped) Open Face, as

illustrated, No. 920.....Price (50/-) \$12.00

In FULL HUNTER Case of SOLID

SILVER (British Government Stamped)

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LUMINOUS DIAL & HANDS.

(5/-) \$1.20 extra.

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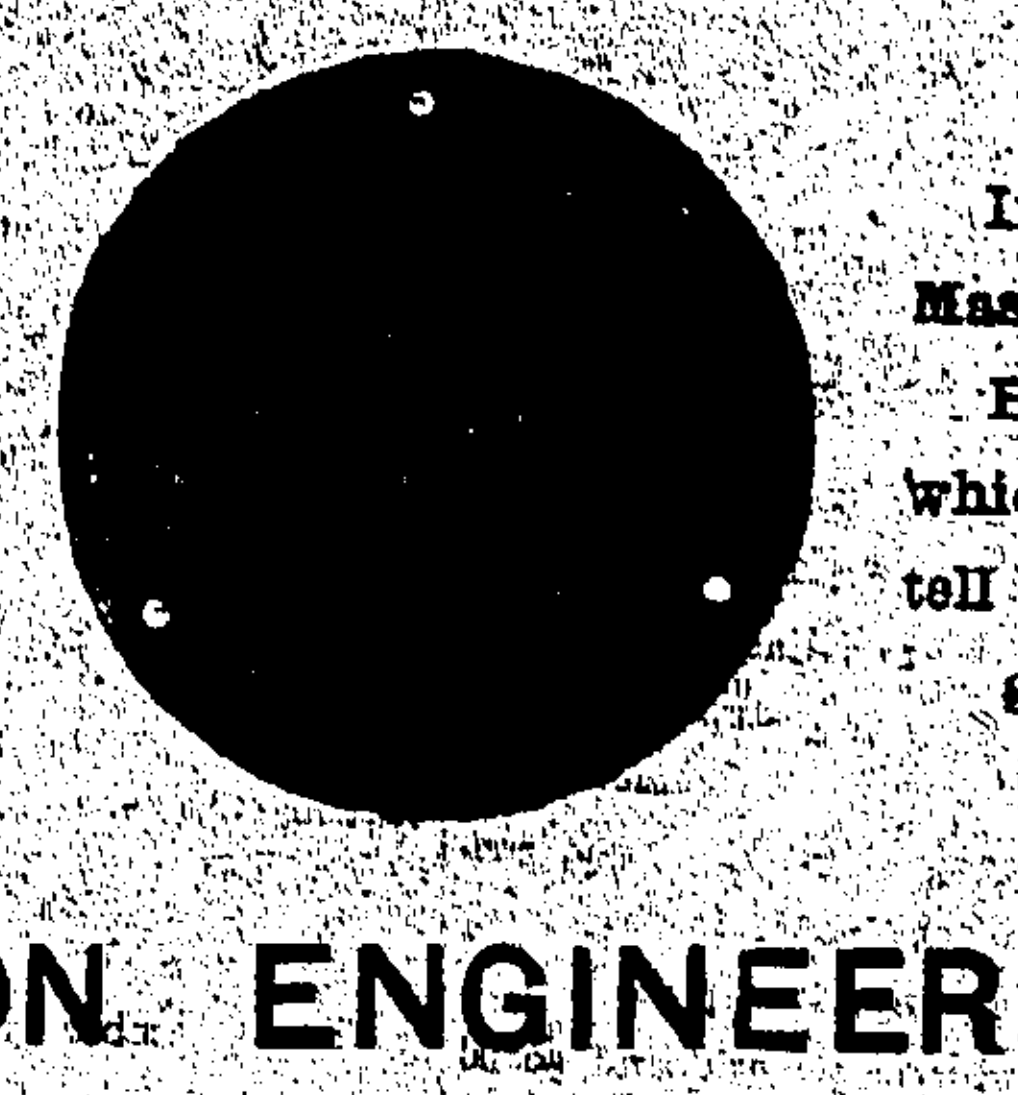
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Electric Crane at Sea Wall, Capable of

Lifting 100 Tons at 70 Feet Radius

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KATORI MARU (omitting Shanghai) Thursday, 30th Sept. at 11 a.m.

TOYAMA MARU (omitting Shanghai) Thursday, 14th Oct. at 11 a.m.

FUSHIMI MARU (omitting Manila) Monday, 15th Nov. at 11 a.m.

LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said and Marseilles

TAMBA MARU Monday, 4th Oct. at 11 a.m.

MISHIMA MARU Monday, 18th Oct. at Noon

RADO MARU Friday, 25th Oct. at Noon

HAMBURG, LONDON & ROTTERDAM via Suez

DAMAR MARU Friday, 29th October

LIVERPOOL & MARSEILLES via Singapore, Colombo, Suez, Port Said

TOTOMI MARU Sunday, 2nd Oct.

MELBOURNE & SYDNEY via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday

Island, Townsville & Brisbane

NIKKO MARU Wednesday, 30th Oct. at 11 a.m.

AKI MARU Wednesday, 17th Nov. at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK via Suez

MORIOKA MARU Tuesday, 12th October

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS via Cape

TOSA MARU sailing from Singapore Sunday, 17th Oct.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO via Singapore

BENDROU MARU Tuesday, 5th October

CALCUTTA & RANGOON via Singapore & Penang

TOMIURA MARU Thursday, 7th October

JAPANESE PORTS—Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama

AKI MARU Saturday, 10th Oct. at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI, KORE & YOKOHAMA

KITANO MARU Wednesday, 29th Sept. at Noon

KIRIN MARU Wednesday, 30th September

KAMAKURA MARU Saturday, 10th October

KAWASAKI MARU Thursday, 11th Oct. at 11 a.m.

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KING'S SPEECH TO RELIGIOUS VISITORS AT HOTELS

NEW OPPORTUNITY

SUNSHINE CORDA

Practically all the Bishops who were attending the conference at Lambeth were received by the King in one of the large State rooms at Buckingham Palace. They were headed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, who had an address, in which reference was made to the postponement of the conference owing to the war, and the King expressed the earnest desire of the Empire to further by every means in their power the efforts of the civil Government to promote schemes of social progress and reform. They were determined to prevent, if possible, the recurrence of war, and he hoped that a League of Nations would conduct to and well-considered lines would conduct to that end. Reference was made to the parts paid by their Majesties to different parts of the Empire, and to the made of being made by the Prince of Wales.

His Majesty replied, in reply to your address, and for the assurance of your good wishes and prayers for the well-being of my House and of all the people of my dominions. I am grateful to you for the reference you have made to the visit that I have been privileged to pay to Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and to my Indian Empire, and I am pleased to see so many of you, their Archbishops and Bishops, here to-day. I trust, with you, that the visit which the Prince of Wales has paid to my own Dominions Overseas and to the United States may be productive of abundant good.

It is a great satisfaction to me to meet the archbishops and bishops of the Anglican Communion who are assembled for the sixth Lambeth Conference from all parts of my Dominions, from the United States of America, and from mission fields throughout the world. I am especially glad to have the opportunity of welcoming so many representatives from the United States. For the first time since their separate history began, Britain and the United States stood side by side in the battlefield fighting for the cause of freedom and light. It is peculiarly appropriate that the bishops of the two nations should meet to take counsel, and should together apply our common Christianity to the great moral, social, and political problems which civilisation is called upon to face.

I note that this conference fell due to be held two years ago, and that it has been necessarily postponed till now owing to the pre-occupations of the war. We cannot look back over this interval without a feeling of the most profound thankfulness for the mercies of Divine providence. Two years ago the Allied forces were still locked in a desperate struggle with our chief enemy, and the great tide of success which was to carry us in at last had not yet begun to flow. At that time, as you have well said, the manhood of the Empire and of the whole Anglo-Saxon race was engaged in a spontaneous and unorganised effort to meet the emergency. But God has been with us, and we have been able to bring to the help of our troops in camp and in action the devoted ministry of the chaplains of all denominations. Their duty was unflinchingly discharged under great difficulties and perils. And what is more, our own soldiers and of those who minister to them, I am well aware, are some also of those who belong to the great Republic overseas.

THE NEW OPPORTUNITY OF THE PRESENT. The new occasions which now confront us bring their own duties. The great need of the present is that the virtues of energy, self-sacrifice, and public spirit should be abundantly displayed by the war should be our guiding principle in dealing with the problems of reconstruction. I note with the deepest interest the assurance you have given me that the bishops now gathered in England are keenly aware of the opportunities of the time and to their own grave responsibilities. Words spoken on behalf of so large a gathering of responsible leaders in the religious life of different parts of the world at any time have high importance. But the time in which we are living is no ordinary time. The work of reconstruction with which we are now faced calls for a rare combination of spiritual power and practical wisdom.

In a past crisis of our history, it was said by a great English statesman that we ought to associate all our public proceedings with the solemnity of the Church. So now we look to the chief officers of the Church to redound to that high duty and a spiritual impulse that high impulse to any nations which seek to rise to the greatness of the past that is before them. At such a time, the trust given to those who hold positions of leadership in the religious life of our peoples is great and glorious. I appreciate the determination you express that it shall be borne and discharged brightly, and I welcome most gratefully the assurance contained in your address of your intention to further by all means in your power the efforts of the civil Government to promote the well-being, religious, moral, and physical, of the peoples. I am convinced that a great opportunity lies before the Church of to-day if, seeing in the spirit of your declaration, she will identify herself with the social as well as the spiritual life of the people, and will help to bring the lofty spiritual ideals of Christianity into closer touch with the practical needs of the life of the Empire depends upon the justice and purity of the aims which it cherishes, and upon the vigour of its efforts to realise those aims. On behalf of all that is just and true, and I earnestly join in your prayers that the blessing of God may rest upon the efforts of the Church to foster and sustain those aims and resolve, and upon all the other good work that is carried on under your guidance in the British Empire, and among the peoples of the world.

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INDO-CHINA

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN via Swatow "TUNGSHING" Thurs. 30th Sept. 11 a.m.
 SHANGHAI & CALCUTTA "FOOKSANG" Thurs. 30th Sept. 3 p.m.
 SHANGHAI via Fookow & Swatow "CHOYANG" Thurs. 30th Sept. 3 p.m.
 SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN "CHOYANGSHING" Thurs. 30th Sept. 3 p.m.
 SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN "TUNGSHING" Thurs. 30th Sept. 3 p.m.
 SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN "FOOKSANG" Thurs. 30th Sept. 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE—This Line affords regular sailings to Calcutta, Fookow and Swatow, returning to Calcutta via Swatow and Fookow, occasionally calling at Shanghai. All vessels have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light and Fans, and carry a fully-qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Through tickets can be obtained, and through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze River ports via Shanghai.

MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailing from both ports every Friday, calling at Hongkong when convenient.

HAIPHONG LINE—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Haiphong by a steamer having up-to-date accommodation for passengers. Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kuantan, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawau and Lahad Dato.

TIENTSIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to November between Hongkong and Tientsin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

CALCUTTA LINE.

S.S. "FOOKSANG" will be despatched on or about Sept. 30th, for SINGAPORE, PENANG and CALCUTTA.

Through Bills of Lading issued to RANGOON, PORT SWETTENHAM, MADRAS and DUTCH EAST INDIES.

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GENERAL MANAGERS

TELEPHONE No. 211

GLEN AND SHIRE

Joint Service of Steamers

U.K.-STRAITS CHINA & JAPAN SERVICE

OUTWARDS

Vessel Date Hongkong
 "GLENIFFER" 2nd Oct.

HOMWARDS

Vessel Leave Hongkong Discharge
 "GLENIFFER" 2nd Oct.

"GLENIFFER" about 14th Oct. GLEN & LONDON

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AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

NEW YORK via Suez

GENERAL CHURCH

Subject to change without notice

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, NAGOA, DURBAN (Data), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN direct or with transshipment at CALCUTTA and COLOMBO.

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Managing Agent."ELLERMAN" LINE.
ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO. LTD.

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

LONDON — "MATOPPO" — 15th Oct.
LONDON — "CITY OF NAPLES" — 18th Nov.

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or to Messrs. C. & Co. Quarries

General Agents

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

For	Steamer	To Sail
NEWCHWANG	"HUNAN"	On 23rd Sept. Night
"HANGHAI"	"HUNAN"	On 30th Sept. Noon
SHANGHAI	"HUNAN"	On 1st Oct. Noon
SWATOW	"HUNAN"	On 3rd Oct. Night
AMOI	"HUNAN"	On 5th Oct. 10 A.M.
FOOCHOW	"HUNAN"	On 7th Oct. 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"HUNAN"	On 9th Oct. Noon

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO. Excellent saloon accommodation. Amplest Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai (three times weekly) and Tientsin (weekly), taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Swatow.

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DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First-Class Passenger Electric Light and Fans in saloons and cabins and excellent cuisine.

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(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

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"HANGHAI"	FRIDAY	1st Oct. at 2 P.M.	2nd Oct. at 2 P.M.	3rd Oct. at 2 P.M.
"HUNAN"	TUESDAY	1st Oct. at 2 P.M.	2nd Oct. at 2 P.M.	3rd Oct. at 2 P.M.
"HUNAN"	FRIDAY	1st Oct. at 2 P.M.	2nd Oct. at 2 P.M.	3rd Oct. at 2 P.M.

Arrival and Departure from the Company's Wharf (near Bank of China)

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TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

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LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

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"HUNAN"	TUESDAY	1st Oct. at 2 P.M.	2nd Oct. at 2 P.M.	3rd Oct. at 2 P.M.
"HUNAN"	FRIDAY	1st Oct. at 2 P.M.	2nd Oct. at 2 P.M.	3rd Oct. at 2 P.M.

Through Bills of Lading to all U.S. and Canadian Overland Ports to Transshipment on route. Through connection with the Pacific Coast and Southern Pacific Railroads.

Head Office—Los Angeles, Cal. Hongkong Office—P. & O. Building, 1st Floor, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

P. & O. - BRITISH INDIA

AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES

(COMPANIES Incorporated in ENGLAND)

MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CHINA, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES,

MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING

NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA,

EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS (South)

SS.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"NANKIN"	6,800	24th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp
"DUNDEE"	5,400	18th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp
"KASHGAR"	5,400	18th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp
"NOVARA"	6,800	24th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp
"NELLOR"	6,800	24th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp
"SOMALI"	6,800	24th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp
"NOVARA"	6,800	24th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp
"NELLOR"	6,800	24th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp
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"SOMALI"	6,800	24th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp
"NOVARA"	6,800	24th Oct.	Manila, London & Antwerp

POST OFFICE NOTICE

Telegraphic Communication with Gap Book is interrupted.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Date
Calcutta	Kirin Maru	29th Sept
Europe (via Singapore)	Hong Wan I	29th Sept
Japan and Shanghai	Tajima Maru	30th Sept
Straits	Dunera	2nd Oct
U.S.A. and Shanghai	Siberia Maru	3rd Oct

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	Per	Date
Shanghai, N. China and Japan via Kobe	Kirin Maru	Wednesday, 29th, 10.00 A.M.
Formosa via Keelung	Koto Maru	Wednesday, 29th, 11.00 A.M.
Swatow, Shanghai and N. China	Tajima Maru	Wednesday, 29th, 5.00 P.M.
Fort Bayard, Hobson and Haiphong	Hanoi	Wednesday, 29th, 5.00 P.M.
Philippine Is., Formosa via Keelung, Shanghai, N. China, Japan via Nagasaki, Canada, United States, Central and South America, and EUROPE via VICTORIA, B.C.	Kirin Maru	Thursday, 30th, 10.00 A.M.
Shanghai and N. China	Sinkiang	Thursday, 30th, 10.00 A.M.
Shanghai, N. China, Japan via Nagasaki, Honolulu, Canada, United States, Central and South America, and EUROPE via SAN FRANCISCO	Koto Maru	Thursday, 30th, 9.45 A.M.
Japan via Kobe	Yokohama	Thursday, 30th, 9.00 P.M.
Swatow, Fuzhou, Ningpo, Shanghai and N. China	Hydrangea	Thursday, 30th, 4.00 P.M.
Wei-hai-wei, Chefoo and Tientsin	Kunshing	Friday, 1st, 11.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy, and Fuzhou	Haiching	Friday, 1st, 1.00 P.M.
Philippine Is., Sandakan, Australia, and New Zealand via Thursday Island	Changsha	Friday, 1st, 1.45 P.M.
Saigon, Straits and Bangkok	Uman Maru	Saturday, 2nd, 9.00 A.M.
Shanghai and N. China	Uman Maru	Saturday, 2nd, 9.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa via Keelung	Uman Maru	Saturday, 2nd, 9.00 A.M.
Shanghai and N. China	Uman Maru	Saturday, 2nd, 9.00 A.M.
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, L. Marquis, South Africa, India via Durban, Egypt and EUROPE via MARSEILLES	Tamba Maru	Monday, 4th, 9.45 A.M.
Swatow and Bangkok	Uman Maru	Tuesday, 5th, 9.00 A.M.
Shanghai and N. China	Uman Maru	Tuesday, 5th, 9.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou	Uman Maru	Tuesday, 5th, 9.00 A.M.
Wei-hai-wei, Chefoo and Tientsin	Uman Maru	Tuesday, 5th, 9.00 A.M.
Shanghai and N. China	Uman Maru	Tuesday, 5th, 9.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou	Uman Maru	Tuesday, 5th, 9.00 A.M.
Shanghai, N. China, Japan via Nagasaki, Honolulu, Canada, United States, Central and South America, and EUROPE via SAN FRANCISCO	Siberia Maru	Tuesday, 12th, 9.45 A.M.

* Correspondence bearing vessel's name only

From Sheungwan Western Branch P.O.

For	On Week-days	On Sunday	On Holidays
Canton and Samah	7.20 A.M.	9.30 P.M.	7.20 A.M.
Tai Ping Tung	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Shai Ki	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Kongmoon	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Kanlong	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Wuchow	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES.

LONDON SERVICE

(DIRECT)

"HELENUS"	12th Oct.	London, Amsterdam & Antwerp
"KEEMUN"	17th Oct.	London, Amsterdam & Hamburg
"JASON"	31st Oct.	London, Amsterdam & Antwerp
"ELPENOR"	10th Nov.	London, Rotterdam & Antwerp
"ATREUS"	29th Nov.	London, Amsterdam & Hamburg

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

(DIRECT OR VIA CONTINENTAL PORTS)

"EURYPYLUS"	6th Oct.	Havre, Rotterdam & Liverpool
"TITAN"	10th Oct.	Genoa, Marseilles, L'pool & Glasgow
"PELEUS"	19th Oct.	Genoa, Liverpool & Glasgow
"TELAMON"	2nd Nov.	Liverpool

PACIFIC SERVICE

(VIA KOREA AND YOKOHAMA)

"TYNDAREUS"	5th Oct.	Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver
"TEUCER"	20th Oct.	Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver
"IXION"	12th Nov.	Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver

NEW YORK SERVICE

(VIA SUZUKI OR PANAMA)

"TYDEUS"	24th Nov.	via Panama
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HOMEWARD PASSENGER SERVICE

"STENTOR"	8th Oct.	for London direct
"TEIRESIAS"	18th Oct.	for London direct
"DOMENEUS"	3rd Nov.	for Liverpool via Marseilles

FOR FREIGHT AND ALL INFORMATION APPLY TO

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS

COMMERCIAL

OPENING QUOTATIONS

September 24th

On London	Telegraphic Transfer	143
Bank Bill, on demand	143	
Bank Bill, at 30 days sight	143	
Bank Bill, at 60 days sight	143	
Credit, at 4 months sight	143	
Credit, at 6 months sight	143	
Documentary Bill, 4 months sight	143	
On Paris	Bank Bill, on demand	1190
Credit, 4 months sight	1190	
On New York	Bank Bill, on demand	nom
Credit, at 60 days sight	77	
On Bombay	Telegraphic Transfer	nom
Bank Bill, on demand	nom	
On Calcutta	Telegraphic Transfer	nom
Bank Bill, on demand	nom	
On Shanghai	Bank Bill, at sight	nom
Private, 30 days sight	nom	
On Hankow	On demand	145
On Tientsin	On demand	145
On Peking	On demand	145
On Baotow	On demand	145
On Harbin	On demand	145
On Szechwan	On demand	145
On Yunnan	On demand	145
On Szechwan	On demand	145
On Yunnan	On demand	145
On Szechwan	On demand	145
On Yunnan	On demand	145

Hongkong	30 cents piece	90.00 Discount
Hongkong	10	2.00
On Canton	13.50 Premium	
Canton	10	0.00

BANKS

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK

THE business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application. INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the Minimum Monthly Balances at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

N. J. STARR, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, November 2nd, 1919-1920.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA

AUSTRALIA AND CHINA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1882.

HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000

Reserve Fund £2,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors £2,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS open and

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or

shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

J. L. BROOKATE, Manager.

Hongkong, March 27th, 1920.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN LIMITED

(TAIWAN BRANCH)

INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL

CHARTER, 1899.

Capital Subscribed Yen 60,000,000

Capital (Paid-up) 45,000,000

Reserve Funds 9,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:

JAPAN—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka,

Mojji.

FORMOSA—Keelung, Keelung, Keelung, Keelung,

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